



San Francisco Firefighters  
CANCER PREVENTION  
FOUNDATION

# What if you found cancer early enough to make a difference.



## The Galleri® test will be offered at no cost to eligible Firefighters + EMTs

The San Francisco Firefighters Cancer Prevention Foundation is sponsoring free testing events using the Galleri multi-cancer early detection test. New testing dates and locations have been added.

Active and retired SFFD Firefighters and EMTs who are age 35+ with 5+ years of service in the SFFD are eligible and welcome to test at any event location.



NEW  
TESTING  
DATES  
ADDED

### New testing locations, dates, and times:

#### DIVISION OF TRAINING (DOT):

- February 15
- 8 AM to 3 PM
- DOT

#### SFO AIRPORT STATION 3:

- February 16
- 8 AM to 3 PM
- SFO Sta 3, 12 South McDonnell Rd, SF

#### PETALUMA ELKS LODGE #901

- February 22
- 8 AM to 3 PM
- 2105 S. McDowell Blvd, Petaluma

## The earlier that cancer can be found, the higher the chance of better outcomes



**of cancer deaths**  
are caused by cancers not commonly screened for.\*

### It is time to look at cancer more broadly.

Only 5 cancers have recommended screening.<sup>1</sup>  
Adding a multi-cancer early detection test can improve the chance of finding cancer early.



### Did you know?

Firefighters have a 9% higher risk of being diagnosed with cancer than the general U.S. population.<sup>2</sup>

# About the Galleri<sup>®</sup> multi-cancer early detection test

The Galleri test detects a shared cancer signal across more than 50 types of cancer—including many that are not commonly screened for today.

## The benefits of multi-cancer early detection



### Early cancer detection

Detects a cancer signal shared by many cancers that are not commonly screened for today, to allow for earlier treatment.



### Testing with ease

Completed with a simple blood draw.



### Actionable results

If a cancer signal is found, the results predict where in the body the cancer is located to help your healthcare provider guide your next steps.

## How the Galleri test works

Through a simple blood draw, the Galleri test looks at DNA in your blood to determine if any of it may have come from cancer cells.

## Understanding the results

The Galleri test looks for a signal present in the blood that may be associated with cancer at the time of your blood draw. **There are two possible results from the Galleri test:**

### — No Cancer Signal Detected

This means that no cancer signal was found; however, not all cancers can be detected by the Galleri test. Be sure to continue with routine recommended cancer screening tests. Missing routine cancer screenings or ignoring symptoms could lead to a delayed diagnosis of cancer.

### + Cancer Signal Detected

This means signals associated with cancer were detected. Your healthcare provider will discuss appropriate follow-up tests to confirm if cancer is present. The Galleri test does not diagnose cancer.

False negative and false positive results do occur.

### Important safety information:

The Galleri test is recommended for use in adults with an elevated risk for cancer, such as those aged 50 or older. The Galleri test does not detect all cancers and should be used in addition to routine cancer screening tests recommended by a healthcare provider. Galleri is intended to detect cancer signals and predict where in the body the cancer signal is located. Use of Galleri is not recommended in individuals who are pregnant, 21 years old or younger, or undergoing active cancer treatment. Results should be interpreted by a healthcare provider in the context of medical history, clinical signs and symptoms. A test result of “No Cancer Signal Detected” does not rule out cancer. A test result of “Cancer Signal Detected” requires confirmatory diagnostic evaluation by medically established procedures (e.g. imaging) to confirm cancer. If cancer is not confirmed with further testing, it could mean that cancer is not present or testing was insufficient to detect cancer, including due to the cancer being located in a different part of the body. False-positive (a cancer signal detected when cancer is not present) and false-negative (a cancer signal not detected when cancer is present) test results do occur. **Rx only.**



Galleri.com

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SCAN TO LEARN  
MORE ABOUT GALLERI

\*Modeled data extrapolated to 2020 US population ages 50 – 79. Screening includes methods with United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) A, B, or C rating (breast, colon, cervical, prostate, and lung). Data from Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) 18 Regs Research Data, Nov 2017 Submission. Estimated deaths per year in 2020 from American Cancer Society Cancer Facts and Figures 2020.

1. United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) A, B, or C rating (breast, colon, cervical, prostate, and lung) 2. Daniels RD, et al. Mortality and cancer incidence in a pooled cohort of US firefighters from San Francisco, Chicago and Philadelphia (1950-2009). *Occup Environ Med.* 2014;71(6):388-97. doi:10.1136/oemed-2013-101662 (<https://oem.bmj.com/content/71/6/388.short>)